INFLUENZA WATCH

Summary of Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LAC DPH) Influenza and Other Respiratory Disease Surveillance

Updated: 2-04-2022 MMWR Week: 4 Ending on: 01-29-2022

To subscribe to LAC DPH Viral Respiratory Illness Surveillance Updates email "Subscribe" to <u>fluwatch@listserv.ph.lacounty.gov</u>

Influenza Surveillance at-a-Glance

Virology	Illness	Severe Disease
may be impacting laboratory in surveillance data.	isits for influenza-like Ilness accounted for 2.9% of emergency department visits in veek 4, which is <i>less</i> <i>than</i> in week 3.	 Pneumonia, influenza, and COVID-19 accounted for 29% of all deaths registered in LAC during week 4, which is same as in week 3. 2 confirmed influenza- associated deaths have been reported this season.

* See indicator specific sections for associated methods.

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (DPH) prepares this newsletter to summarize current influenza surveillance data in Los Angeles County. *Weekly surveillance data are preliminary and subject to change.* More information regarding methods can be found on the surveillance system specific pages of this report.

COVID-19 surveillance data is published in the weekly COVID Watch surveillance report. Daily counts of COVID cases and deaths are available on the LAC DPH website at <u>http://dashboard.publichealth.lacounty.gov/covid19_surveillance_dashboard/</u>.

* LAC DPH surveillance data excludes the cities of Long Beach and Pasadena.

** The respiratory virus surveillance period starts with MMWR week 40 and runs through week 39 of the following year. The 2020-21 season started on Sept 27, 2020.





Virologic Surveillance

Sentinel Surveillance Laboratories

Viral surveillance data is provided by clinical laboratories serving hospitals and healthcare networks across Los Angeles County. Participating laboratories provide the number of positive tests and total number of specimens tested for SARS-CoV2, influenza and respiratory syncytial virus.

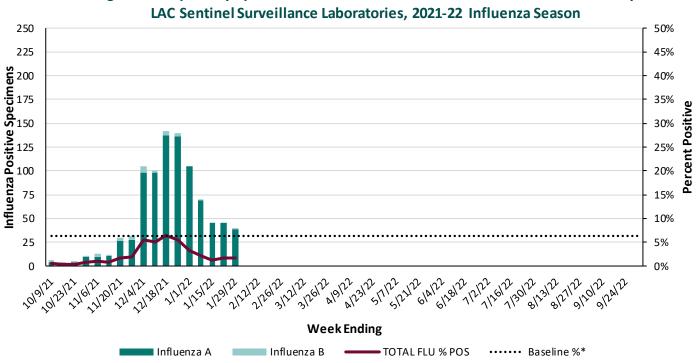


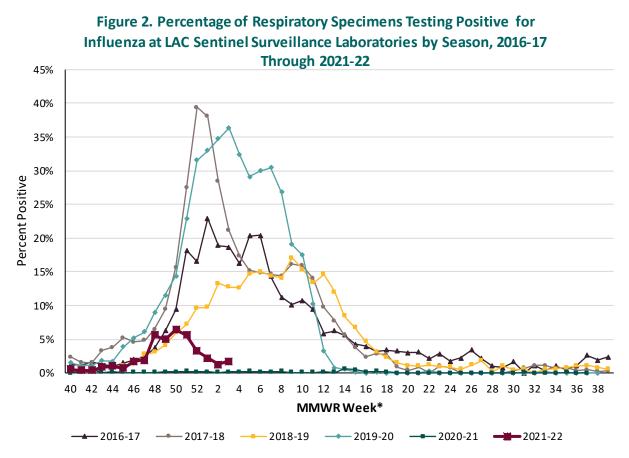
Figure 1. Respiratory Specimens Tested and Percent Positive for Influenza Virus by

*The baseline is defined as the mean percentage of specimens testing positive during non-influenza weeks for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations. Non-epidemic weeks are periods of ≥ 2 consecutive weeks during which each week accounted for <2% of the season's total number of specimens that tested positive for influenza. The COVID-19 pandemic has affected the circulation of other respiratory viruses. Pandemic weeks are excluded from the baseline calculation.

Number of specimens tested246734,909Number of positive specimens (%)40 (1.6%)905 (2.6%)Positive specimens by type		This Week*	Data Cumulative Since October
Number of positive specimens (%) 40 (1.6%) 905 (2.6%) Positive specimens by type Influenza A 39 (1.6%) 868 (96%) Influenza B 1(00) 37 (4%)			3, 2021 (Week 40)
Positive specimens by type 39 (1.6%) 868 (96%) Influenza A 39 (1.6%) 37 (4%)	Number of specimens tested	2467	34,909
Influenza A 39 (1.6%) 868 (96%) Influenza B 1(00) 37 (4%)	Number of positive specimens (%)	40 (1.6%)	905 (2.6%)
Influenza B 1(00) 37 (4%)	Positive specimens by type		
	Influenza A	39 (1.6%)	868 (96%)
[•] Data current as of date of report. May not include all reporting sites. <mark>As of 1/14/2022, laboratories</mark>	Influenza B	1(00)	37 (4%)
	Data current as of date of report. May not	include all reporting site	es. <mark>As of 1/14/2022, laboratories</mark>

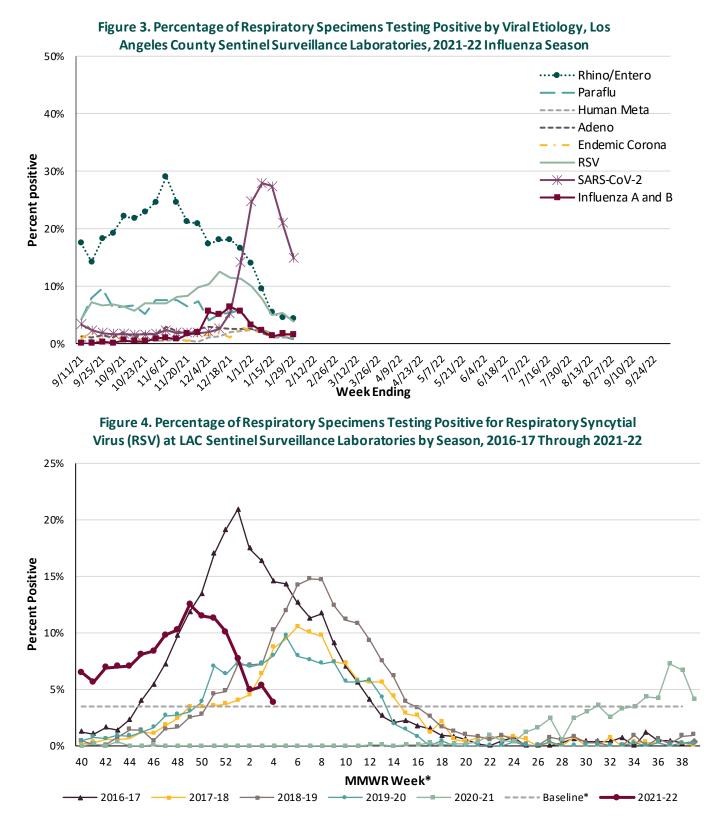
excluded from positivity rate calculations.





* The 2020–2021 season contains a week 53. Data from the 2020-21 season have been shifted so that week 1 aligns across all seasons.





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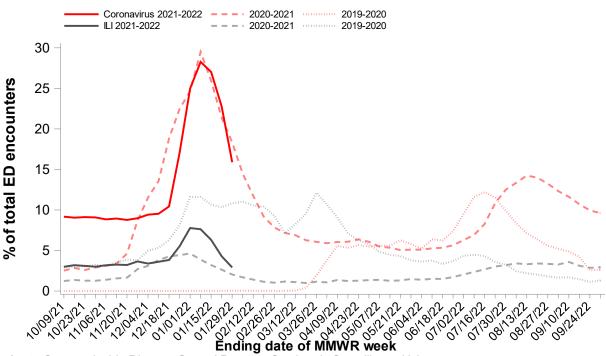


Illness

Los Angeles County Emergency Department (ED) Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) and COVID-19 Visits

Public Health's Syndromic Surveillance Project monitors initial self-reported symptoms from patients presenting to participating emergency departments throughout LAC. These symptoms are categorized into different clinical syndromes according to specific code words. Visits are included in the COVID-19 category if the chief complaint field includes any mention of "COVID", "Coronavirus" or similar key words. The syndrome of ILI is defined as mention of influenza; or fever (subjective or measured greater than 100°F) plus cough or sore throat. The ILI and COVID-19 classified ED visits for all ages and by age group are analyzed weekly and year-round. The COVID-19 and ILI categories are not mutually exclusive.

Figure 5. Emergency Department Visits for Influenza-like Illness and COVID-19 per MMWR week, Los Angeles County, 2021-22 Influenza Season



Acute Communicable Disease Control Program Syndromic Surveillance Unit





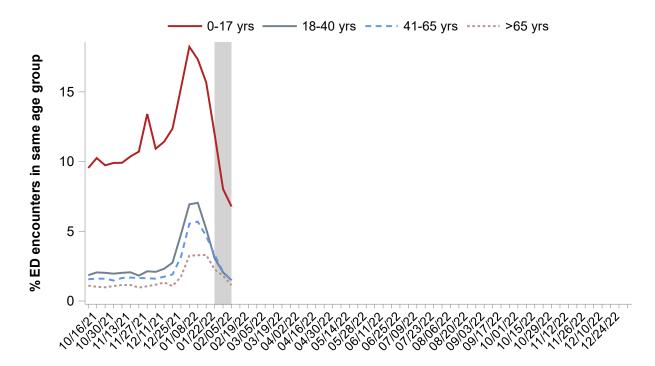
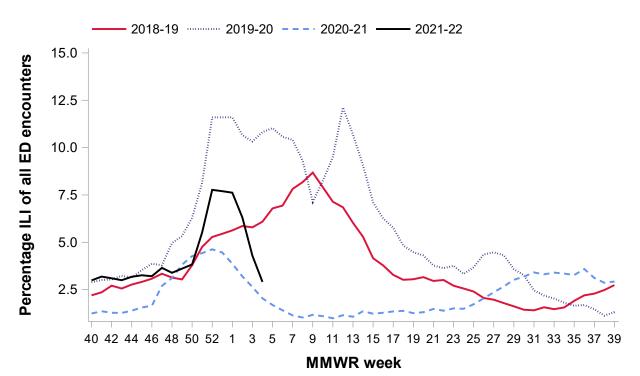




Figure 7. Emergency Department Visits for Influenza-like Illness, Los Angeles County 2017-18 through 2021-22 Influenza Seasons



Acute Communicable Disease Control Program Syndromic Surveillance Unit





Severe Disease

Pneumonia, Influenza and COVID19 - 19 Mortality

Each week, the Office of Health Assessment and Epidemiology at LAC DPH reports the total number of death certificates received and the number of those for which pneumonia, influenza, or COVID-19 (PIC) was listed as the underlying or contributing cause of death by age group.

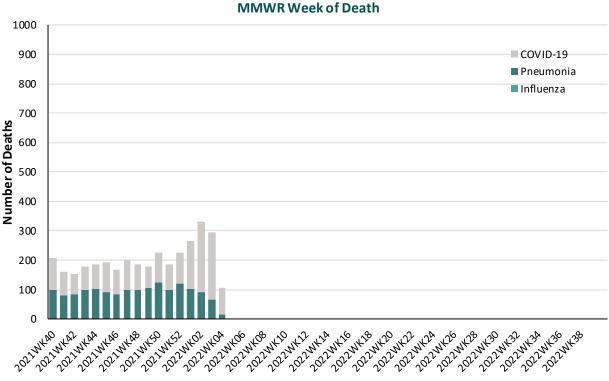


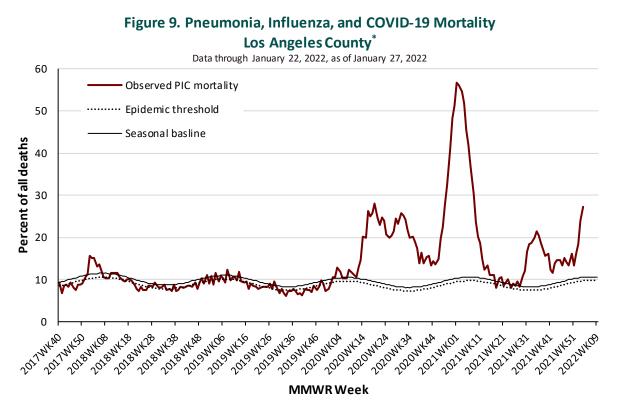
Figure 8. Pneumonia, Influenza and COVID-19 Deaths Registered in LAC, by MMWR Week of Death

MMWR Week of Death





The seasonal baseline of pneumonia, influenza, and COVID-19 (PIC) deaths is calculated using a periodic regression model that incorporates a robust regression procedure applied to data from the previous 5 years. An increase of 1.645 standard deviations above the seasonal baseline of PIC deaths is considered the "epidemic threshold," i.e., the point at which the observed proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia, influenza or COVID-19 was significantly higher than would be expected at that time of the year in the absence of substantial virus-related mortality.



*excluding Long Beach and Pasadena

Technical note: The number of deaths reported in recent weeks does not represent all deaths that occurred in the reporting period. Data may be incomplete due to a lag between when the death occurred and when the death was registered. Previous weeks counts or percentages may change as vital records are updated with lagged death certificates. The count includes all certificates of deaths (excludes fetal deaths) occurring in the County of Los Angeles (excluding Long Beach and Pasadena) regardless of the residence of the deceased.

