Protocols for Shopping Center Operators: Appendix E

Recent updates (Changes highlighted in yellow)

10/23/20: Restaurants that can only be accessed from inside an indoor mall or shopping center (such as a food court) may offer counter services for in person ordering and pick-up. No eating or drinking is allowed inside the mall or shopping center. Those restaurants that can also be accessed from outside of the shopping center can offer outdoor table dining, carry-out services or delivery service in compliance with DPH Protocols for Restaurants. Additional physical distancing measures added.

10/7/20: Indoor shopping centers can open retail shops that are only accessible from inside the mall. Overall maximum occupancy in shopping centers (including indoor and outdoor shopping malls, destination shopping centers, strip and outlet malls and swap meets) as well as the retail stores within these centers can be no more than 25%, provided that 6 feet of physical distancing among customers and employees can always be maintained. All indoor food court dining areas and common areas remain closed.

The County of Los Angeles Department of Public Health is adopting a staged approach, supported by science and public health expertise, to allow certain retail businesses to safely reopen. The requirements below are specific to shopping malls, destination shopping centers, strip and outlet malls, and swap meets (collectively referred to as “shopping centers”). Shopping center operators should ensure that lessees, including retail tenants and vendors, are aware of the protocols that apply to their operations. Those entities are responsible for implementing the protocols, but shopping center operators are encouraged to require adherence to the protocols by their lessees. In addition to the conditions imposed on these specific retail businesses by the Governor, these types of businesses must also be in compliance with the conditions laid out in this Checklist for Shopping Center Operators.

Retail businesses that are part of an indoor mall or shopping center and are only accessible from inside the shopping center may open up to 25% maximum occupancy or for curbside pick-up as described in this protocol on October 7, 2020. Overall maximum occupancy in shopping centers as defined above, as well as the retail stores within these facilities should have a maximum occupancy of no more than 25%, provided that 6 feet of physical distancing among customers and employees can always be maintained.

Essential businesses located within the shopping center may continue to operate. All lessees should follow DPH protocols for the appropriate sector and all applicable state and local laws and regulations.

Please note: This document may be updated as additional information and resources become available so be sure to check the LA County website http://www.ph.lacounty.gov/media/Coronavirus/ regularly for any updates to this document.

Additional protocols relevant to Shopping Center Operations must also be followed:

Personal Care Services
Restaurants
Retail Establishments

This checklist covers:

(1) Workplace policies and practices to protect employee health
(2) Measures to ensure physical distancing  
(3) Measures to ensure infection control  
(4) Communication with employees and the public  
(5) Measures to ensure equitable access to critical services.

These five key areas must be addressed as your facility develops any reopening protocols.

All businesses covered by this protocol must implement all applicable measures listed below and be prepared to explain why any measure that is not implemented is not applicable to the business.

Business name:  
Facility Address:  
Maximum Occupancy, per Fire Code:  
Approximate total square footage of space open to the public:

A. WORKPLACE POLICIES AND PRACTICES TO PROTECT EMPLOYEE HEALTH (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO THE FACILITY)

☐ Everyone who can carry out their work duties from home has been directed to do so.
☐ Vulnerable staff (those above age 65, those with chronic health conditions) are assigned work that can be done from home whenever possible and should discuss any concerns with their healthcare provider or occupational health services to make appropriate decisions on returning to the workplace.
☐ Work processes are reconfigured to the extent possible to increase opportunities for employees to work from home.
☐ Alternate, staggered or shift schedules have been instituted to maximize physical distancing.
☐ All employees have been told not to come to work if sick, or if they are exposed to a person who has COVID-19. Employees understand to follow DPH guidance for self-isolation and quarantine, if applicable. Workplace leave policies have been reviewed and modified to ensure that employees are not penalized when they stay home due to illness.
☐ Information on employer or government-sponsored leave benefits the employee may be entitled to receive that would make it financially easier to stay at home has been provided to employees. See additional information on government programs supporting sick leave and worker’s compensation for COVID19, including employee’s sick leave rights under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and employee’s rights to workers’ compensation benefits and presumption of the work-relatedness of COVID-19 exposures occurring between March 19 and July 5 pursuant to the Governor’s Executive Order N-62-20.
☐ Upon being informed that one or more employees test positive for, or has symptoms consistent with COVID-19 (case), the employer has a plan or protocol in place to have the case(s) isolate
themselves at home and require the immediate self-quarantine of all employees that had a workplace exposure to the case(s). The employer’s plan should consider a protocol for all quarantined employees to have access to or be tested for COVID-19 in order to determine whether there have been additional workplace exposures, which may require additional COVID-19 control measures. See the public health guidance on responding to COVID-19 in the workplace.

☐ Entry screenings are conducted before employees may enter the workspace. Checks must include a check-in concerning cough, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing and fever or chills and if the employee has had contact with a person known to be infected COVID-19 in the last 14 days. These checks can be done remotely or in person upon the employees’ arrival. A temperature check should also be done at the worksite if feasible.

☐ In the event that 3 or more cases are identified within the workplace within a span of 14 days the employer should report this cluster to the Department of Public Health at (888) 397-3993 or (213) 240-7821. If a cluster is identified at a worksite, the Department of Public Health will initiate a cluster response which includes providing infection control guidance and recommendations, technical support and site-specific control measures. A public health case manager is assigned to the cluster investigation to help guide the facility response.

☐ Employees who have contact with others are offered, at no cost, an appropriate face covering that covers the nose and mouth. The covering is to be worn by the employee at all times during the workday when in contact or likely to come into contact with others. Employees who have been instructed by their medical provider that they should not wear a face covering should use a face shield with a drape on the bottom edge, to be in compliance with State directives, as long as their condition permits it. A drape that is form fitting under the chin is preferred. Masks with one-way valves should not be used. Employees need not wear a face covering when the employee is alone in a private office or a cubicle with a solid partition that exceeds the height of the employee when standing.

☐ Employees are instructed to wash or replace their face coverings daily.

☐ All workstations are separated by at least six feet.

☐ Break rooms, restrooms and other common areas are disinfected frequently, on the following schedule:

☐ Break rooms

☐ Restrooms

☐ Other

☐ In compliance with wage and hour regulations, breaks are staggered to ensure that six (6) feet between employees can be maintained in break rooms at all times.

☐ To ensure that masks are worn consistently and correctly, employees are discouraged from eating or drinking except during their breaks when they are able to safely remove their masks and physically distance from others.

☐ Disinfectant and related supplies are available to employees at the following location(s):

☐ Hand sanitizer effective against COVID-19 is available to all employees at the following location(s):

☐ Employees are allowed frequent breaks to wash their hands.

☐ A copy of this protocol has been distributed to each employee.

☐ Each worker is assigned their own tools, equipment and defined workspace. Whenever possible,
sharing held items (e.g., phones, tablets, laptops, desks, pens, etc.) is minimized or eliminated.

☐ All policies described in this checklist other than those related to terms of employment are applied to staff of delivery and any other companies who may be on the premises as third parties.

☐ Optional—Describe other measures:

B. MEASURES TO ENSURE PHYSICAL DISTANCING

☐ Maximum occupancy rules for shopping centers (indoor and outdoor) and for retail businesses that are part of the shopping center may not exceed 25% maximum occupancy, provided that 6 feet of physical distancing among customers and employees can always be maintained. Where feasible, parking is limited to further enforce maximum occupancy limits.

☐ Tenants that have an outside entrance that is normally accessible to the public from the exterior of the mall or shopping center may continue their current modified operations in compliance with applicable DPH protocols at a maximum of 25% occupancy. Open-air shopping centers, such as swap meets, are to ensure that vendors space tables, canopies, and other displays in accordance with appropriate physical distancing requirements or ensure other impermeable barriers are in place.

☐ Maximum number of customers in facility limited to: ____________________________________________

☐ On-property security staff actively remind and encourage customers and the public to comply with the physical distancing standards.

☐ Retailers that choose to offer curbside pick-up should set pick-up times for items so that employees are able to bring pre-ordered items customers at a designated site or sites outside the mall. Pick-up sites should be clearly marked, and customers should be encouraged to pre-pay for their orders. On arrival, customers should notify the employees that they have arrived for pick-up and should remain in their car. An employee, wearing a cloth face covering should bring the customer’s order to the designated pick-up site in a container (e.g., a bin, shopping cart, or other container) and place it directly in the customer’s trunk.

☐ Essential services that operate inside a shopping center such as medical services (clinics or optometrists) may continue to operate.

  o As much as feasible other methods such as telemedicine options or on-line services should be offered.

☐ An employee (or employees if there is more than one entrance) wearing a cloth face covering is posted near the door but at least 6 feet from the nearest customers to direct customers to the appropriate pick-up site.

☐ Tape or other markings identify both a starting place for customers arriving for pick-up and 6-foot intervals for subsequent customers who are joining the line.

☐ Employees, wearing face coverings and gloves, are positioned 6 feet from each other and from customers to deliver orders to customers. Bins should be used to pass packaged, pre-ordered merchandise to customers to avoid personal contact between employees and customers. Employees may momentarily come closer when necessary to accept payment, deliver goods or services, or as otherwise necessary.

☐ Measures to ensure physical distancing of at least six (6) feet have been implemented to ensure physical distancing between and among workers and customers in all shopping center locations. This may include use of physical partitions or visual cues (e.g., floor markings, colored tape, or signs to indicate where workers and customers should stand).

☐ Develop and implement controlled foot traffic and crowd management strategies that enable at least
six feet physical distancing between customers. This can include requiring foot traffic be one-directional and guiding customers with visual cues, physical props, and signage.

Provide clearly designated entrances and separate exits, if feasible and appropriate for the space, to help maintain physical distancing and support crowd control. Wherever possible, doors should be left open if they do not open and close automatically. Work with tenants to create queue systems for customers outside individual stores while still maintaining physical distance, if necessary.

Shopping center operators, retail tenants, and vendors should collaborate to develop store entry queuing systems that do not disrupt foot traffic or violate physical distancing requirements. Consider and encourage alternate entry to retail tenant facilities, including digital reservations for entry and pre-order guidelines.

Vendor carts or kiosks should only be permitted to operate in shopping center aisles or walking areas if they do not interfere with updated foot traffic measures or inhibit physical distancing requirements. Reconfigure vendor carts or kiosks, where necessary, to ensure queuing does not impede physical distancing requirements.

Open-air shopping centers, such as swap meets, should ensure that vendors space tables, tents, and other displays are in accordance with appropriate physical distancing requirements or ensure other impermeable barriers are in place.

Shopping center operators, retail tenants and vendors should collaborate to develop a shopping center operation plan that enables tenants to operate safely inside and outside the shopping center and to ensure compliance with all applicable DPH protocols and state and local laws and regulations.

Outdoor public seating areas (e.g., chairs, benches and other public spaces) are reconfigured to support physical distancing.

Break rooms and other common areas are configured to limit employee gatherings to ensure physical distancing of at least 6 feet. Where possible, outdoor break areas with shade covers and seating are created to help ensure physical distancing. In compliance with wage and hour regulations, employee breaks are staggered to help maintain physical distancing protocols.

Physical distancing requirements are implemented at loading bays and contactless signatures have been implemented for deliveries.

C. MEASURES FOR INFECTION CONTROL

The HVAC system is in good, working order; to the maximum extent possible, ventilation has been increased. Consider installing portable high-efficiency air cleaners, upgrading the building’s air filters to the highest efficiency possible and making other modifications to increase the quantity of outside air and ventilation in offices and other spaces. See public health guidance on how to optimize ventilation.

Contactless payment systems are in place or, if not feasible, payment systems are sanitized regularly. Describe:

- Common and high traffic areas, and frequently touched objects (e.g., handrails, elevator controls, doorknobs or handles, credit card readers, elevator buttons, escalator handrails, etc.) are disinfected regularly during business hours using EPA approved disinfectants following the manufacturer’s instructions for use.

- Workspaces and the entire facility are cleaned at least daily, with restrooms and frequently touched areas/objects cleaned more frequently. Shopping center hours have been adjusted to provide adequate time for regular deep cleaning and product stocking.

- Public restrooms are sanitized regularly using EPA approved disinfectants and following the manufacturer’s
D. MEASURES THAT COMMUNICATE TO THE PUBLIC

☐ A copy of this protocol is posted at all public entrances to the facility.

☐ Signage at shopping malls, swap meets, and other outlets that reminds customers to maintain physical distancing of six feet, the need to wear a face covering at all times, the importance of regular handwashing and the need to stay home if they are feeling ill or have symptoms of COVID-
19. 
☐ Signage throughout the shopping center that reminds customers that there is no eating or drinking inside. Eating or drinking is only allowed in the designated outdoor dining areas (if applicable).
☐ Signage throughout the shopping center indicates to customers where to find the nearest hand sanitizer dispenser.
☐ Online outlets of the establishment (website, social media, etc.) provide clear information about store hours, required use of face coverings, limited occupancy, any policies in regard to preordering, prepayment, pickup and/or delivery and other relevant issues.

E. MEASURES THAT ENSURE EQUITABLE ACCESS TO CRITICAL SERVICES

☐ Services that are critical to the customers/clients have been prioritized.
☐ Transactions or services that can be offered remotely have been moved on-line.
☐ Measures are instituted to assure access to goods and services for customers who have mobility limitations and/or are at high risk in public spaces.

Any additional measures not included above should be listed on separate pages, which the business should attach to this document.

You may contact the following person with any questions or comments about this protocol:

Business Contact Name: ___________________________ Phone number: ___________________________

Date Last Revised: ___________________________