CPSP Virtual Diabetes During Pregnancy Post-Test

Please circle the correct answer(s).

Name:
Clinic:
Phone:
Email:
Date Training Completed:

Please circle the correct answer(s).

- 1. In LA County, what are the two race/ethnicities with the highest rate of Gestational Diabetes (GDM) diagnosis?
 - a. Asian and African American
 - b. African American and Hispanic
 - c. Asian and Hispanic
 - d. None of the Above
- 2. When using the nutrition tool: *MyPlate for Gestational Diabetes*, **beans** count as what food group?
 - a. Fruits
 - b. Protein
 - c. Dairy
 - d. Grains
- 3. Poor control of diabetes during pregnancy puts baby at risk for:
 - a. high birthweight
 - b. premature birth
 - c. becoming obese and/or have diabetes later in life
 - d. All of the above
- 4. For diabetes, examples of a starchy vegetable (count as a Grain) are:
 - a. Corn
 - b. Peas
 - c. Potatoes
 - d. All of the above
- 5. After a mother delivers her baby, <u>all</u> mothers with GDM will no longer have diabetes.

True False

- 6. According to the Sweet Success Guidelines of Care, women with GDM risk factors should be screened at their first prenatal visit (<13 wks) **True False**
- 7. When a GDM mother is prescribed insulin during her pregnancy, this crosses into the placenta which is harmful to her baby **True False**

- 8. For diabetes, all food groups contain carbohydrates *EXCEPT*:
 - a. Fruit
 - b. Protein
 - c. Milk
 - d. Vegetables
- 9. According to CPSP protocols, all interventions/referrals are appropriate for diabetes/GDM **EXCEPT**:
 - a. Review STT GDM handouts
 - b. Refer to registered dietitian (RD)
 - c. Refer to WIC
 - d. Refer to diabetes specialist or California Diabetes and Pregnancy Program (CDAPP)/Sweet Success Affiliate/date.

Please submit your completed test to Email: cpsp@ph.lacounty.gov

THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY LA COUNTY CPSP STAFF

Passing: □YES \square NO

Follow-up call completed: □YES