Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Canine Influenza (H3N2)

1. What is canine influenza H3N2?
   Canine Influenza H3N2, also known as “dog flu,” is very contagious (spreads from dog to dog). It causes a respiratory infection in dogs. It can also cause illness in cats. H3N2 hasn’t been known to cause illness in people.

2. What are the symptoms of canine influenza?
   Symptoms of canine influenza H3N2 in dogs include: fever, cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, loss of appetite, and lack of energy. Cats usually have coughing, sneezing, and discharge from the eyes and nose.

3. When was this virus found in LA County?
   Canine influenza H3N2, was first reported in the United States in 2015. It caused a large outbreak in dogs in the Chicago area. In March 2017, a sick dog was brought into LA County from Asia and confirmed to be infected with canine influenza H3N2. An outbreak of respiratory disease occurred in other dogs imported in that shipment and dogs that had contact with the imported dogs. As of April 2017, about 35 dogs have been placed under quarantine (separated from other dogs).

4. How does it spread?
   Canine influenza H3N2 spreads through direct contact with infected dogs or cats. It can also spread through the air when an infected dog coughs, barks, or sneezes. Dogs that are infected with H3N2 can be contagious for up to 30 days. The virus can also be spread from contact with contaminated objects. The virus can survive 1-2 days on floors and cages. Vaccination for canine influenza is recommended for dogs that are around other dogs like at dog parks or the groomers.

5. How do I protect my pets from it?
   - Take your dog to the veterinarian and get the vaccine to protect them against canine influenza H3N2. There is no vaccination available for cats.
   - If you think your pet has canine influenza, keep it away from other pets and contact your veterinarian right away.
   - Make sure your dogs and cats are up-to-date on their routine vaccinations, like canine distemper and feline upper respiratory viruses.

Key Points:
- Canine influenza H3N2 can spread quickly from dog to dog, and sometimes to cats.
- It hasn’t been known to cause illness in people.
- If your pet is sick, keep it away from other pets and contact your veterinarian.
- Vaccines can help protect your dog against canine influenza H3N2.

For more information:
- Los Angeles County, Department of Public Health
  publichealth.lacounty.gov/vet/InfluenzaCanineH3N2.htm
- American Veterinary Medical Association
  avma.org/public/PetCare/Pages/CanineInfluenza.aspx
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
  cdc.gov/flu/canineflu/keyfacts.htm

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health
www.publichealth.lacounty.gov