There are two separate groups of children served in the Medical Therapy Program.

- A. Children with diagnosed neuromuscular, musculoskeletal, or muscular diseases are eligible, as follows:
 - Cerebral palsy, a gross nonprogressive neuromuscular disability of early onset, resulting from a pathological lesion in the brain, manifested by the presence of one or more of the following findings:
 - a. rigidity or spasticity
 - b. hypotonia with normal or increased DTRs and exaggeration of or persistence of primitive reflexes beyond the normal age
 - c. involuntary movements (athetoid, choreoid, or dystonic)
 - d. ataxia (incoordination of voluntary movement, dysdiadochokinesis, intention tremor, reeling or shaking of trunk and head, staggering or stumbling, and broad-based gait)
 - Other neuromuscular diseases that produce muscle weakness and atrophy, such as poliomyelitis, myasthenias, and muscular dystrophies.
 - Chronic musculoskeletal diseases, deformities or injuries, such as osteogenesis imperfecta, arthrogryposis, rheumatoid arthritis, amputation, and contractures resulting from burns.
- B. Children below three years of age who demostrate neurological findings that suggest a high probability of a phsical disability but who have no obvious or visible diagnosed neuromuscular, musculoskeletal, or muscular disease. These children are eligible when two or more of the following neurologic findings are present:
 - 1. Exaggerations of or persistence of primitive reflexes beyond the normal age (corrected for prematurity).
 - 2. Increased DTRs (3+ or greater)
 - 3. Abnormal posturing
 - 4. Hypotonicity with normal or increased DTRs in infants below one year of age. (Infants above one year must meet criteria described in A.1)
 - 5. Asymmetry of neurologic motor findings of trunk and/or extremities.