

## PROMOTING HEALTHY FOOD IN THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES FOOD SERVICE CONTRACTS


#### Abstract

IN 2011 , THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED A MOTION requiring the Department of Public Health to review and provide recommendations for all food service Request for Proposals (RFP) prior to their release to ensure dietary requirements promote healthy nutrition. This policy applies to the many food service environments operated by the County of Los Angeles, including cafeterias. The following Implementation Guide includes a compilation of nutrition standards developed by Public Health for County departments operating cafeterias. The standards include limits for calories, sodium, sugar, trans fat and other nutrients. Because the nutrition standards included in County food service contracts may vary, it is important for vendors and staff to refer to the specific contract language to ensure adherence to the appropriate guidelines. The Guide also includes other recommended practices such as calorie labeling at point-of-purchase, signage, and product placement and pricing strategies to promote and increase consumer selection of healthy food and beverages in cafeteria settings.


## GOALS OF PURCHASING AND OFFERING HEALTHY FOOD AND BEVERAGES


#### Abstract

Increasing access to healthy meal, snack and beverage options. Improving the health of employees and community members accessing government programs and facilities.

Aligning foods and beverages purchased by both public and private institutions based on recommendations from the USDA's Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2010. Leveraging the purchasing power of large institutions and agencies to promote and increase availability and demand of healthy food options.


NUTRITION RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MEALS, SNACKS AND BEVERAGES IN CAFETERIAS

## HEALTHY ENTRÉES AND SIDE ITEMS

A) At least two main dish/entrée selections and two side options at each meal service to comply with nutrition standards below;
B) Healthy entrée and side items (which meet nutrition standards listed below) should be clearly indicated on menus;
C) The price of these main dishes/entrées and side options should not exceed the price of other menu options;
D) No more than one deep-fried main dish/entrée option should be offered per day;
E) Menus should be designed to include a variety of culturally diverse foods;
F) Fresh seasonal food, including fresh fruits and vegetables, should be included in the menu.

## MEALS: <br> MAIN DISH/ENTRÉE

, No more than $35 \%$ of calories from fat
, No more than $10 \%$ of calories from saturated fat
, 0 grams trans fat
, No more than 500 calories
No more than 600 milligrams of sodium


## NUTRITION RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MEALS, SNACKS AND BEVERAGES IN CAFETERIAS



MEALS:
COMBINATION MEALS

Combination meals (entrée plus side item and/or beverage) should offer as an alternative bottled water as a beverage option and non-fried vegetables or fruit as a side option

## BEVERAGES:

Bottled water should be available as a beverage option and the price per ounce cannot be higher than any other beverage

The size of sugar-sweetened beverage (SSB) ${ }^{1}$ fountain drinks should not exceed 12 ounces per container
For combination meals with a fountain drink, the size of SSB fountain drinks should not exceed 12 ounces per container

## MEALS: <br> OTHER RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES

Offer low-sodium, low-calorie, low-fat, cholesterol-free and low-sugar options for condiments
Purchasing locally grown food is encouraged
Offer at least one vegetarian option daily

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MEALS:
SODIUM
REDUCTION
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A gradual sodium reduction plan should be developed and implemented


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## PRODUCT PLACEMENT, PROMOTION AND PRICING STRATEGIES

## Placement of Healthy Food and Beverage Options

HEALTHY OPTION ITEMS SHOULD BE POSITIONED PROMINENTLY IN FACILITIES AND BE EASILY ACCESSIBLE FOR CUSTOMERS. BELOW ARE RECOMMENDED PLACEMENT STRATEGIES:
, Display healthy food and beverage options (complying with nutrition standards outlined on previous page) including healthy packaged snacks and water within five feet of all checkout registers.

Display only water, diet drinks ( $\leq 25$ calories per 8 ounces), $100 \%$ fruit juice, low-fat dairy products with no added sweeteners and milk alternative products in eye-level sections of all beverage cases.
, Display only healthy snacks (complying with nutrition standards outlined on previous page) in eye-level sections of display areas.
, Place fruit within reach of checkout registers.
, Place healthy entrée selections and side options (complying with nutrition standards outlined on previous page) at the beginning of each food service area.
, Remove candy bars, cookies, chips and beverages with added sugars (such as soda and sports drinks) from checkout register area or at point-of-purchase.
Move salad bars closer to the checkout registers or at point-of-purchase to increase sales of salads (if applicable).

Identify healthier items in salad bar with colored tongs (if applicable).


## PRODUCT PLACEMENT, PROMOTION AND PRICING STRATEGIES

## Menu Labeling

MENUS SHOULD LIST THE NUTRITIONAL INFORMATION FOR EACH ITEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FEDERAL MENU LABELING REQUIREMENTS. BELOW ARE RECOMMENDED MENU LABELING STRATEGIES:*
, All items available in cafeterias must be labeled with calories per serving as sold (or calories per measure provided for salad bar-type service).
, Calorie labeling must be displayed at the point of choice in a clear and conspicuous manner on the menu board, or if menu boards are not available, labeling must be prominently posted on signs adjacent to the food items or menus.

Exceptions to this standard are items not listed on a menu or menu board such as condiments and other items placed on the table or counter for general use; daily specials; temporary menu items appearing on the menu for less than 60 days; and custom orders.
, Additional nutritional information must be made available in written form, on request. The nutrition information that must be available in written form to consumers upon request includes:

- The total number of calories derived from any source
- The total number of calories derived from the total fat
- Total fat
- Saturated fat
- Cholesterol
- Sodium
- Total carbohydrate
- Sugars
- Dietary fiber
- Total protein

[^1]
## PRODUCT PLACEMENT, PROMOTION AND PRICING STRATEGIES

## Display Signage

PROMINENTLY DISPLAY SIGNAGE THAT PROMOTES
HEALTHY FOOD AND BEVERAGE OPTIONS INCLUDING SNACKS. * BELOW ARE OTHER RECOMMENDED PROMOTIONAL STRATEGIES:

## Post pictures and names of featured

 healthy dishes outside of cafeteria and include nutrition facts.Highlight healthy cafeteria menu options in newsletters and other communications to employees.

## Pricing Strategies

ESTABLISH PRICES FOR HEALTHY FOOD AND BEVERAGE ITEMS EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN PRICES OF OTHER MENU OPTIONS, BELOW ARE OTHER RECOMMENDED PRICING STRATEGIES:

Make reduced-size portions available at a lower price for menu items (when feasible).

Establish pricing for salad bars (if applicable) that is competitieve with other main dishes/entrées.


## PRODUCT PLACEMENT, PROMOTION AND PRICING STRATEGIES

## Additional Strategies

Utilize $10^{33}$ plates or smaller for meals in food service.

Display fruit in brightly colored bowls or woven baskets.

Highlight fruit offerings with a sign (e.g., "Last Chance for Fruit!" "Fresh Fruit Today" "Did You Grab Some Fruit for Later?").

Promote water consumption by providing access to fresh, cold tap water. Include signage of water availability at soda fountain or hydration station.

Discuss healthy food options with food service staff and post visible copies of policy and implementation guidelines.

Include descriptive names using appealing language on menus such as "fresh" "local" "Mediterranean" or "spicy.

USE 10 " OR SMALLER PLATES


HIGHLIGHT FRUIT OFFERINGS NEAR CHECKOUT


PROMOTE WATER CONSUMPTION BY PROVIDING ACCESS TO FRESH, COLD TAP WATER


## SUGGESTED RESOURCES

Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2010
http://www.cnpp.usda.gov/dietaryguidelines.htm
Improving the Food Environment Through Nutrition Standards: A Guide for Government Procurement http://www.cdc.gov/salt/pdfs/dhdsp_ procurement_guide.pdf

## Understanding Healthy Procurement: Using Government's Purchasing Power to Increase Access to Healthy Food

http://changelabsolutions.org/sites/default/files/ Understanding\%20Healthy\%20Procurement\%20 2011_20120717.pdf

> Los Angeles County Department of Public Health: Comparison of Nutrition Standards and Other Recommended Procurement Practices for Improving Institutional Food Offerings in Los Angeles County, 2010-2012. Advances in Nutrition 4:191-202, 2013.


#### Abstract

CHOOSE HEALTH LA is a multi-sectoral initiative to prevent and control chronic disease in the diverse communities of Los Angeles County. Supported by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and other agencies in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the initiative is working with community partners to develop innovative strategies aimed at reducing tobacco use and second hand smoke exposure; improving nutrition and opportunities for physical activity; and increasing access to high quality, clinical preventive services.


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County of Los Angeles Board of Supervisors Gloria Molina, First District
Mark Ridley-Thomas, Second District
Zev Yaroslavsky, Third District
Don Knabe, Fourth District
Michael D. Antonovich, Fifth District
Writing and Editorial Team
Christine Montes, MPH
Ali Noller, MPH
Michelle Wood, MPP
Graphics \& Layout
Colleen Corcoran, MFA
```

Los Angeles County Department of Public Health Jonathan E. Fielding, MD, MPH, Director and Health Officer Cynthia A. Harding, MPH, Chief Deputy Director
Paul Simon, MD, MPH, Director, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention
Tony Kuo, MD, MSHS, Deputy Director, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention

Contributors and Reviewers
Linda Aragon, MPH
Steve Baldwin, MS, RD
Noel Barragan, MPH
Patricia L. Cummings, MPH
Michael Leighs, MPP
Brenda Robles, MPH
Rachel Tyree; MPH


[^0]:    1. Sugar-sweetened beverages, also known as sugar loaded drinks, include all sodas, fruit drinks, sports drinks, low-calorie drinks and other beverages that contain added caloric sweeteners, such as sweetened tea, rice drinks, bean beverages, sugar cane beverages and nonalcoholic wines.
[^1]:    *Set forth by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010. Recommended strategies were extracted from the the Health and Sustainability Guidelines for Federal Concessions and Vending Operations developed by the Health and Human Services (HHS) and General Services Administration (GSA).

