



Notification Required of Laboratories (17 CCR §2505)

The following test results and diseases marked by shall be reported within one working day after the health care provider or other person authorized to retrieve the report has been notified.

The diseases marked with shall be reported **within one hour** after the health care provider or other person authorized to receive the report has been notified. Laboratories shall make the initial reports to the local health officer by telephone and follow the initial report within one working day by a report in writing submitted by electronic facsimile transmission or electronic mail to the local health officer.

■ Laboratories receiving specimens for disease diagnosis must **immediately** contact California Department of Public Health or Los Angeles County Acute Communicable Disease Control (ACDC).

for bacterial testing, call 510-412-3700

for viral testing call, 510-307-8575

for botulism testing, contact Acute Communicable Disease Control at 213-240-7941.

✚ Bacterial isolates and malaria slides must be forwarded to L.A. County Public Health Laboratory for confirmation.

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acid fast bacillus (AFB) (3c) ✚ * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anaplasmosis / Ehrlichiosis <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anthrax ✚ ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Avian influenza ✚ ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Bordetella pertussis</i> acute infection by culture or molecular identification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> infection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Botulism ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brucellosis, <i>Brucella species</i> (1) ✚ ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Burkholderia pseudomallei</i> and <i>B. mallei</i> ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infections, including lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coccidioidomycosis <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cryptosporidiosis <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Cyclospora cayatanensis</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diphtheria ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Encephalitis, arboviral <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Escherichia coli</i>: shiga toxin producing (STEC) including <i>E. coli</i> O157 ✚ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gonorrhea * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i>, invasive disease (Report cases < 15 years of age, sterile site) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemorrhagic fevers, viral (e.g., Crimean-Congo, Ebola, Lassa, Marburg) ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hepatitis A, acute infections: positive IgM antibody test or viral antigen test <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hepatitis B, acute infections, by IgM anti-HBc antibody test <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hepatitis B, surface antigen positivity (specify gender) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hepatitis C, confirmed (2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), incl. CD4 cell counts (within 7 days) * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Legionella species</i> (antigen or culture) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Listeria</i> ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lyme disease <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaria ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Measles (Rubeola), acute, by IgM antibody or positive viral antigen | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> (3) ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> (sterile site) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plague, animal or human ✚ ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poliovirus <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rabies, animal or human <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rubella, acute, by IgM antibody test or culture <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Salmonella species</i> including typhoid ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shiga toxin (detected in feces) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Shigella species</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Smallpox ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>, invasive (sterile site) (within 7 days) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Syphilis * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tuberculosis (3) ✚ * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tularemia (4) ✚ ■ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Vibrio species</i> infections ✚ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> West Nile virus infection |
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1. **Brucellosis**, by isolation of *Brucella species* from a clinical specimen, or demonstration by immunofluorescence of *Brucella species* in a clinical specimen, or fourfold or greater rise in antibody titer to *Brucella* antigen between acute and convalescent phase serum specimens obtained two or more weeks apart and studied at the same laboratory, or elevated serum antibody to *Brucella* antigen at a titer of 1:160 or greater in a single serum specimen.

2. **Hepatitis C** - Any laboratory with a positive **hepatitis C virus (HCV) test** that meets the CDC laboratory criteria for diagnosis of HCV infection in a California resident shall report the positive test to the local health officer. The following test results are reportable.

- (a) All HCV positive recombinant immunoblot assay (RIBA) tests;
- (b) All HCV RNA positive tests [e.g., nucleic acid tests (NAT)];
- (c) All HCV genotype reports; and
- (d) HCV antibody reactive by a screening test (e.g., enzyme immunoassay [EIA] or chemiluminescence immunoassay [CIA]) with either:
 - (1) The exact signal-to-cut-off (s/co) ratio or index value; or
 - (2) A comment that indicates whether or not the screening test s/co ratio or index value is predictive of a true positive as determined for the particular assay as defined by the CDC in the case definition for "laboratory criteria for diagnosis" of Hepatitis C virus infection, past or present. The *url* for the s/co ratios that meet the CDC case definition is http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/hepatitis/c/sc_ratios.htm. If a laboratory chooses to report a reactive anti-HCV screening test (e.g., EIA or CIA test) with a s/co or index value that is lower than required to meet the CDC case definitions AND does not report the exact s/co or index value (i.e., the laboratory report is positive without a specific s/co or index value reported), then the laboratory report MUST include a comment to indicate that the s/co or index value is low and that supplemental testing (e.g., RIBA or NAT) is recommended by the CDC.

3. ***Mycobacterium tuberculosis* / AFB** - any clinical laboratory that isolates ***Mycobacterium tuberculosis*** from a patient specimen shall:

- (a) Submit a culture as soon as available from the primary isolate on which a diagnosis of tuberculosis was established. Such a culture shall be submitted to the public health laboratory for the local jurisdiction where the health care provider's office is located. The following information shall be submitted with the culture: the name, address, and the date of birth of the person from whom the specimen was obtained, the patient identification number, the specimen accession number or other unique specimen identifier, the date the specimen was obtained from the patient, and the name, address, and telephone number of the health care provider for whom such examination or test was performed.
- (b) Unless drug susceptibility testing has been performed by the clinical laboratory on a strain obtained from the same patient within the previous three months or the health care provider who submitted the specimen for laboratory examination informs the laboratory that such drug susceptibility testing has been performed by another laboratory on a culture obtained from that patient within the previous three months, the clinical laboratory shall:
 - (1) perform or refer for drug susceptibility testing on at least one isolate from each patient from whom *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* was isolated; and
 - (2) report the results of drug susceptibility testing to the local health officer of the city or county where the submitting physician's office is located within one working day from the time the health care provider or other authorized person who submitted the specimen is notified; and
 - (3) if the drug susceptibility testing determines the culture to be resistant to at least isoniazid and rifampin, in addition, submit one culture or subculture from each patient from whom multidrug-resistant *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* was isolated to the official public health laboratory. The following information shall be submitted with the culture: the name, address, and the date of birth of the person from whom the specimen was obtained, the patient identification number, the specimen accession number or other unique specimen identifier, the date the specimen was obtained from the patient, and the name, address, and telephone number of the health care provider for whom such examination or test was performed.
- (c) Whenever a clinical laboratory finds that a specimen from a patient with known or suspected tuberculosis tests positive for acid fast bacillus (AFB) staining and the patient has not had a culture which identifies that acid fast organism within the past 30 days, the clinical laboratory shall culture and identify the acid fast bacteria or refer a subculture to another laboratory for those purposes.

4. **Tularemia**, by isolation of *Francisella tularensis* in a clinical specimen, or demonstration by immunofluorescence of *F. tularensis* in a clinical specimen, or fourfold or greater rise in antibody titers to *F. tularensis* antigen between acute and convalescent phase serum specimens obtained two or more weeks apart and studied at the same laboratory, or elevated antibody to *F. tularensis* antigen at a titer of 1:160 or greater in a single serum specimen.

* For questions regarding the reporting of HIV/AIDS, STDs or TB, contact the respective program:

HIV Epidemiology Program

(213) 351-8516

www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/hiv/index.htm

STD Program

(213) 744-3070

www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/std/index.htm

TB Control Program

(213) 744-6160

www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/tb/index.htm

To report a case or outbreak of any disease contact the Communicable Disease Reporting System

Tel: 888-397-3993 • Fax: 888-397-3778