Department of Health Services Surveillance and Statistics Section MS 7306 P.O. Box 997413 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413

CASE REPORT BRUCELLOSIS (UNDULANT FEVER) Q FEVER TULAREMIA

Patient name–last				firs	first mic				ddle initial	Date	of birth		Age	Sex		
Address–number, street				(City			State	County			ZIP code				
RACE (check one)					<u> </u>				l.	ETHN	ICITY (check on	ie)				
African-American/Black White Native American Asian/				n/Pacific Is	slander 🗌	Other			☐ Hi	spanic/Latino		on-Hispanic/I	Non-Latino			
If Asian/Pacific Islander,	please check one	: Asian In	dian	_	ambodian						uamanian 🗍 Hawaiian					
		Japanes	е	☐ Korea	an		Laotian	Sa	moan	☐ Vi	etnamese		ther			
PRESENT ILLNE	SS															
Date of onset Onset was Date of diagnos Sudden Insidious						Brief clinical description										
Specific therapy (specify product(s))								Dates								
								First o	dose		Las	t dose	e			
Has this case been previously diagnosed? Date first diagnosed Patient's address at date						irst diagno	iagnosed (city, county) Outcome of case Recovered									
Yes No						Died—Date										
Q FEVER	Date taken Results															
Chest x-ray	Date taken		rtoodii	0												
☐ Yes ☐ No																
DIAGNOSTIC TE	STS															
Type of Te	est	Date Coll	ected		Results	esults Name and A						Address of Laboratory				
Blood culture (specify s	train)	(1)							-							
	(2)															
Serology (specify test, e.g.,IFA, ELISA, CF, Agglutination, and titre)																
		(1)														
		(2)														
		(1)														
		(2)														
Complement fixation (specify titre)		(1)														
		(2)														
Other (e.g., skin test, animal inoculation)																
Occupation (give exact	job) and kind of	business or ir	dustry a	t date of o	nset											
Job address (number street)							City				State	ZIP	code			
If changed within six mo	onths of onset, ir	ndicate previo	ıs occup	ation												
PERSONAL CON	TACTS															
Number of persons i																
Number of persons i	II IIouseiioia	Yes	— No		If Yes, Da	to			Name			Rela	ationship to	the Patient		
Similar illness in household?				11 100, Date							11010	tionomp to	the Futient			
Similar illness in neighborhood?																
		_														
Milk and Other Dairy Products Type of milk supply:						Check source:					Occasional milk supply (specify, within one month of illness):					
☐ Homogenized ☐ Pasteurized ☐ Not used						ry	Own co	W	Own g	goat						
Canned Unpasturized (raw) Creamery Store																
Specify name:																
											l					

PROBABLE SOURCE OF INFECTION Contact with animals within air months prior to date of eneet? Type The Property Type The Prior to date of eneet?												
Contact with animals within six months prior to date of onset?												
,	ANIMAL STATUS					TYPE OF CONTACT						
SPECIES OF ANIMAL	Pregnant	Newborn	Unknown	Handling Skinning		Dissecting Bite			Other, specify			
1. Cattle												
2. Pigs												
3. Goats												
4. Sheep												
5. Domestic rabbit or rodent Specify:												
6. Other domestic animal Specify:												
7. Wild rabbit (e.g., cottontail Specify:												
8. Wild rodent (e.g., squirrel) Specify:												
9. Other wild animal												
Specify: If any of the above is checked, plea												
Other Exposure: Bite of blood-sucking insect (specify and describe): Laboratory exposure (specify and describe): Drinking untreated water (specify and describe): Consumption of undercooked meat (specify and describe):												
Other exposures or injuries (spe												
Patient's activities during ten days prior to onset:												
Has patient been exposed to brucella vaccine or to recently vaccinated animals? Yes No Unknown If yes, specify vaccine type:												
REMARKS												
Investigator name			Age	ency		Da	ate		Telephone number			
									()			
BRUCELLOSIS CASE DEFINITION					Clinical Des	cription						

CDC/MMWR, May 2, 1997, Volume 46, Number RR-10, "Case Definition for Infectious Conditions Under Public Health Surveillance," Part I, Case Definitions for National Notifiable Infectious Diseases.

Clinical Description

An illness characterized by acute or insidious onset of fever, night sweats, undue fatigue, anorexia, weight loss, headache, and arthralgia.

Laboratory Criteria for Diagnosis

- Isolation of Brucella from a clinical specimen, or
- Fourfold or greater rise in Brucella agglutination titre between acute- and convalescent-phase serum specimens obtained ≥2 weeks apart and studied at the same laboratory, or
- Demonstration by immunofluorescence of Brucella sp. in a clinical specimen

Case Classification

Probable: a clinically compatible case that is epidemiologically linked to a confirmed case or that has supportive serology (i.e., Brucella agglutination titre of ≥160 in one or more serum specimens obtained after onset of symptoms)

Confirmed: a clinically compatible case that is laboratory confirmed

TULAREMIA CASE DEFINITION (Revised 9/96)

CDC/MMWR, May 2, 1997, Volume 46, Number RR-10, "Case Definition for Infectious Conditions Under Public Health Surveillance," Part II, Case Definitions for Non-Notifiable Infectious Diseases.

An illness characterized by several distinct forms, including the following:

Ulceroglandular (cutaneous ulcer with regional lymphadenopathy)

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- Glandular (regional lymphadenopathy with no ulcer)
- Oculoglandular (conjunctivitis with preauricular lymphadenopathy)
 Oropharyngeal (stomatitis or pharyngitis or tonsillitis and cervical lymphadenopathy)
- Intestinal (intestinal pain, vomiting, and diarrhea)
- Pneumonic (primary pleuropulmonary disease)
- Typhoidal (febrile illness without early localizing signs and symptoms)

Clinical diagnosis is supported by evidence or history of a tick or deerfly bite, exposure to tissues of a mammalian host of Francisella tularensis, or exposure to potentially contaminated water.

Laboratory Criteria for Diagnosis

Presumptive

- Elevated serum antibody titre(s) to *F. tularensis* antigen (without documented fourfold or greater change) in a patient with no history of tularemia vaccination or
- Detection of F. tularensis in a clinical specimen by fluorescent assay

Confirmatory

- Isolation of F. tularensis in a clinical specimen or
- Fourfold or greater change in serum antibody titre to F. tularensis antigen

Case Classification

Probable: a clinically compatible case with laboratory results indicative of presumptive infection

Confirmed: a clinically compatible case with confirmatory laboratory results